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## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

## 1-4. (Canceled)

5. (Currently amended) A method of manufacturing a DRAM-incorporated semiconductor device in which a DRAM section and a logic section are formed on a semiconductor substrate that is isolated into elements, said method comprising:

forming a metal film <u>comprising one of cobalt and nickel</u> directly on surfaces of <u>highly doped</u> source-drain regions and gate regions in said DRAM section and said logic section; and

heat treating said device to react said metal film with said surfaces to concurrently form a metal silicide layer in each of said DRAM section and said logic section.

6. (Currently amended) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according to Claim 5, wherein said metal film is formed over an entire surface of said substrate, and wherein said heat treating comprises:

heating said device at 500-600°C:

removing unreacted metal film with a mixed solution of sulfuric acid and hydrogen peroxide; and

heating said device at 800°C removes unreacted metal film.

- 7. (Currently amended) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according to Claim 6, wherein said metal film comprises is selected from the group consisting of titanium, cobalt and nickel.
- 8. (Original) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according to Claim 5, wherein dopant implantation into gates are carried out concurrently with formation of the source-drain regions that constitute transistors in the DRAM section and the logic section, and thereby P-N gates are formed.
- 9. (Previously presented) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device

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according to Claim 5, further comprising:

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forming a bit contact connecting said DRAM section with a bit line and a contact plug connecting to said source-drain in said logic section, said bit contact and said contact plug comprising a metal material.

10-11. (Canceled)

(Currently amended) A method of manufacturing a semiconductor device having a 12. memory cell section and an adjacent circuit section, said method comprising:

forming a metal film comprising one of cobalt and nickel directly on surfaces of highly doped source-drain regions and gate regions in said memory cell section and said adjacent circuit section; and

annealing said device to react said metal film with said surfaces to concurrently form a metal silicide layer in each of said memory cell section and said adjacent circuit section.

(Currently amended) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according 13. to Claim 12, wherein said forming a metal film comprises forming a metal film over an entire surface of said substrate, and wherein said heat treating comprises:

heating said device at 500-600°C:

removing unreacted metal film with a mixed solution of sulfuric acid and hydrogen peroxide: and

heating said device at 800°C removes unreacted metal film.

- (Currently amended) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according 14. to Claim 13, wherein said metal film comprises is selected from the group consisting of titanium, cobalt and nickel.
- (Currently amended) A method of manufacturing a semiconductor device comprising: 15. forming a metal film comprising one of cobalt and nickel on source-drain and gate surfaces in a memory cell section of a substrate, and on source-drain and gate surfaces in an adjacent circuit section of said substrate; and

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heat treating said device to react said metal film with silicon in said surfaces to concurrently form a metal silicide layer in each of said memory cell section and said adjacent circuit section.

- (Previously presented) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device 16. according to Claim 12, wherein said forming a metal film comprises a sputtering method.
- (Currently amended) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according 17. to Claim 12, wherein said heat treating comprises:

heating said device at 500-600°C in a nitrogen atmosphere for 30 seconds; ; and heating said device at 800 °C in a nitrogen atmosphere for 10 seconds.

- (Currently amended) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according 18. to Claim 12, wherein said metal film comprises nickel source-drain regions in said memory cell section comprise a high dopant concentration.
- (Previously presented) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device 19. according to Claim 12, further comprising:

forming an ohmic contact on said silicide layer on a source-drain region.

(Previously presented) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device 20. according to Claim 12, further comprising:

forming source-drain regions in said memory cell section and said adjacent circuit section.

- (Currently amended) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according 21. to Claim 20, wherein said forming source-drain regions comprises implanting BF2 ions in a source-drain region at an accelerating voltage of 20 keV and a dose of 3 x 1015 atoms/cm2 a concentration of 3 x 10<sup>17</sup>/em<sup>5</sup>.
- (Currently amended) The method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according 22.

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to Claim 20, wherein said forming source-drain regions comprises implanting <u>Arsenic</u> Arcsenic ions in a source-drain region at an accelerating voltage of 50 keV and a dose in a range of  $3 \times 10^{15}$  to  $6 \times 10^{15}$  atoms/cm<sup>2</sup> a concentration of  $6 \times 10^{15}$ /era<sup>3</sup>.